## Units 3\&

## A2 | KEY OBJECTIVES

GRAMMAR present continuous; there is / there are; countable and uncountable nouns; how much / many; some / any FUNCTIONS talking about present and temporary situations; buying clothes; talking about quantity; describing places; making arrangements VOCABULARY clothes; money; accessories; places

## LIF

In a recent survey of 12,500 14-18 year-olds in Ireland, young people talk about their lives. Here are their top ideas.


## . Phat do you think...

## ... IS GOOD ABOUT BEING YOUNG IN IRELAND?

$1^{\text {st }}$ Getting a good $\qquad$ -
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Doing different $\qquad$
$3^{\text {rd }}$ Taking part in lots of activities
$4^{\text {th }}$ My national identity
$5^{\text {th }} \mathrm{My}$ $\qquad$
$6^{\text {th }}$ Places to go (shopping centres, parks, etc.)

## ... IS BAD ABOUT BEING YOUNG IN IRELAND?

$1^{\text {st }}$ Problems with the economy
$\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ Getting a $\qquad$ in the future
$3^{\text {rd }}$ Out of date $\qquad$ facilities
$4^{\text {th }}$ Pressure and stress
$5^{\text {th }}$ Anti-social behaviour and crime
$6^{\text {th }}$ The $\qquad$ especially the rain
(4) ${ }^{1}$
()) 16 Listen and complete the information in the survey.

2a GROUPWORK Choose the aspects in the Irish survey that are important for you. Add more ideas.

- Make a list of your six answers for each question. What is good about being young in my country? What is bad about being young in my country?

2b Present your lists to the class.
3a Find these words and phrases in the text messages below.
Can't talk now | I don't know | Are you OK? | Laughing out loud | Sorry \| Be right back | Oh, I see. | No problem


3b PAIRWORK Write a message to your partner on a piece of paper. Then write a message back. Use some of the abbreviations above.

## Unit objectives

Grammar present continuous all forms; prepositions; still Functions talking about present activities, temporary situations; buying clothes
Vocabulary clothes; money; accessories

## Warm up

1 PAIRWORK Discuss these questions.

- Who is your favourite band / singer?
- Do you often go to concerts?


## Comprehension

2 Read the ticket and message. Answer the questions.
1 What has Jack got?
2 Where and when is the concert?
3 What time does Jack suggest?
3 ()) 17 Listen and read Who's that girl? on page 29. Answer the questions.

## DIALOGUE 1

1 Where are Jack and Charlie?
2 Where is Mia?
3 Who is Mia waiting for?
DIALOGUE 2
4 Where are Jack and Charlie?
5 Where are Rose and Mia?
6 What's the problem?
DIALOGUE 3
7 Are Rose and Mia on the bus?
8 Are they near the Zodiac?
9 Do you think the girls get to the concert?

## Talking about present activities

4 Study the rule and read the sentences. Underline other examples in the dialogues.

## Present continuous

- Use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening at this moment.
What are you doing?
We're sitting on a bus.
The bus isn't moving.
still
I'm still waiting for Rose.
- Use still with the present continuous to emphasise that a situation is continuing, and that it isn't finished.


| -11 $\square$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| What ${ }^{1}$ ___ you doing? RUOK? |  |
| P'2 $\qquad$ sitting on the bed with the cat. We' $\qquad$ listening to his favourite music. |  |
| LOL Not funny! We'3 $\qquad$ waiting outside the cinema. Why aren't you here? |  |
| The cinema? Now? Why? |  |
| Doh! The new Star Wars movie. It'4 $\qquad$ showing today at the Odeon! Some people ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ wearing costumes! It's cool. |  |
| OIC! Whoops. I forgot. It's not on my calendar. OK ${ }^{\prime \prime 6}$ $\qquad$ coming now. NP. |  |
| It's too late. We'7 $\qquad$ going in now. See you tomorrow, mate. |  |
| SRY! Enjoy the film! |  |

7 PAIRWORK Ask and answer questions about your family or friends.

A What's your mum doing at the moment?
B I think she's driving home from work.

jack That's OK. We're still outside.
rose I can't hear you properly. Are Mercury Rev playing?
JACK No, they aren't. It's the support band. What are you doing?
rose We're sitting on a bus. But it's a nightmare. There's a lot of traffic. The bus isn't moving.
jack You've only got ten minutes!
rose Hang on, I've got an idea. Come on, Mia.
See you soon, Jack!

## The concert starts in five minutes!

Jack Are you OK? What's wrong?
mia We're running... Oh dear! Rose is fast...
We're nearly there! ... I can see you!

## Talking about temporary situations

8 Read the messages and write J (Jack) or M (Marco) next to the sentences.
At the moment...
$\square$ he's studying a lot
he isn't playing football. $\square$ he isn't studying a lot. he's reading a lot. $\square$ he's practising with his band. he's doing a school project.he isn't watching Chelsea.


9 Study the rule and circle examples of the present continuous in the messages.

## Present continuous

- Form the present continuous with the present of the verb be + the -ing form of the main verb.
- Use the present continuous to talk about temporary situations. I'm studying a lot this term.
I'm practising with the band.


## WORD EXPANDER a lot / lots

A lot / lots is used to talk about a large quantity. It can be used with countable and uncountable nouns.

10 Write sentences that are true for you.
1 enjoy school this year I'm enjoying school this year. / I'm not enjoying school this year.
2 go to parties a lot this month
3 do a lot of sport these days
4 do lots of tests this week
5 listen to music a lot these days
6 my friends and I do a lot of things together at the moment

## Present continuous all forms

1 Complete the table and read the rules.
are | are not/aren't $|\mathrm{am} / \mathrm{m}|$ is/'s $\mid$ Is $\mid$ is not/isn't


- Use the present continuous to talk about:
- things happening at this moment.

We're sitting on a bus.
I'm not studying at the moment.

- temporary situations.

I'm studying a lot this term.
I'm not playing football this term.

- We don't usually use the present continuous with:
- verbs of perception, such as see, hear, feel, sound, smell, taste. Use can/can't with see, hear, feel, smell, and the present simple with sound, taste, look. I can't see Sarah. NOT t'm not seeing Sarah. This tastes good. NOT This is tasting good.

2 Write questions and short answers.
1 Paul / watch a film $\checkmark$ watch / a comedy Is Paul watching a film? Yes, he is. He's watching a comedy.
2 your friends / cycle / to the cinema $x$ go / by bus
3 your mum / have lunch / in town $x$ have lunch / at home
4 you / do / lots of tests for school this week $\checkmark$ do / five tests
5 he / play / for Arsenal $x$ play / for Real Madrid
6 they / learn / a language $\checkmark$ learn / Chinese

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
1 Look! The dog's eating the party food! (eat)
2 We $\qquad$ a lot of tennis this summer. (play)
3 I'm at my computer. I $\qquad$ my homework. (do)
4 Listen. I think a car $\qquad$ (come)
5 Kevin and Chloe aren't here this week. They
$\qquad$ with their friends. (stay)
6 I'm busy. I $\qquad$ for the concert. (practise)

4 Write short answers and sentences about you.
1 Are you studying two languages?
Yes, I am. I'm studying English and Italian.
2 Are you sitting in your classroom now?
3 Are you doing a lot of sport these days?
4 Are you seeing your friends a lot?
5 Are you reading an interesting book at the moment?
5 Correct these sentences.
1 I'm not hearing my phone. It's on silent.
I can't hear my phone. It's on silent.
2 My mum's liking her new job.
3 You're seeing my friends in the photo.
4 I'm smelling fish and chips.

## Prepositions

6 Match the pictures and the sentences.
$1 \quad \square$ He's outside the museum.
$2 \quad \square$ He's going past the museum.
$3 \square$ He's going into the museum.
$4 \quad$ He's in the car.
$5 \quad \square$ He's getting into the car.
$6 \quad \square$ He's on the bus.


## Real communication

## Buying clothes

Shop assistant

- Can I help you?
-What size are you?
- Would you like to try it / them on?
- Is it / Are they OK?
- Do you want anything else?
- Here you are.


## Customer

- I'd like..., please.
- I'm a (size)...
- Can I have... / try on...?
- Have you got...
any belts / umbrellas / jeans? a smaller / larger / cheaper one?
it / them in blue?
- l'll take it / them.
- How much is it / are they?



## Vocabulary: clothes, money

1a (j) 18 Match the words and pictures. Then listen and check.

| $\square$ dress | $\square_{\text {T-shirt }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square_{\text {shirt }}$ | $\square_{\text {trousers }}$ |
| $\square_{\text {tracksuit }}$ | $\square_{\text {trainers }}$ |
| $\square_{\text {suit }}$ | $\square_{\text {jeans }}$ |
| $\square_{\text {jumper }}$ | $\square_{\text {skirt }}$ |
| $\square$ | $\square_{\text {boat }}$ |
| $\square$ jacket |  |

1b PAIRWORK Describe what you are wearing today.

## 2 Read Get into Culture and do the task.

## GET INTO <br> GUHIUR Cashless future

Do you and your family still buy things with cash? If so, things could change in the future. Cash-free purchases, using contactless cards and mobile phones, are common in many countries. The top cashless societies in the world are Nordic countries. In Sweden you don't even need cash in small shops or at market stalls- street vendors take payments via an app. In the UK over half of transactions are digital, although Germans still like paying in cash. A recent study shows that $20 \%$ of Europeans and Americans don't use cash very often, and cash-free payments are also growing fast in Latin America. Not all people are happy, because they worry about security and privacy.

## Discuss the questions.

- How do people buy things in your country?
- Is cashless becoming more common?
-What do you think are the advantages and disadvantages?
(10) ${ }^{3}$ (1) 19 Match the money with the pictures. Then listen and check.


## THE 退URO

(A CURRENCY USED IN MANY COUNTRIES IN EUROPE)


[^0]
## Shopping

5 (1) 21 Listen and write the prices of the items.
1 the blue tracksuit
2 the long skirt
3 the black jacket
4 the red party dress
6 (1)) 22 Look at the photos, then listen and complete the dialogues with these words.
sale | much | sorry | have | want | size | small | try | looking

shop assistant Hello. Can I help you? julia Yes, I'm ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ for a T-shirt.
shop assistant What ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ are you? julia Small.
shop assistant Well, we've got these ones here. julia Cool. I really like this one. How ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ is it? shop Assistant €45.

Julia Oh. ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ you got a cheaper one? shop assistant Well, these ones are in the ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ at $€ 20$. jULIA Oh, they're really nice. I'll have this one, please. shop assistant Sure. Do you ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ anything else? JULIA No, thanks.
shop assistant That's $€ 20$.
Here you are.


## 7 Study the rules and the sentences.

## one / ones

- Use the pronouns one and ones to avoid repeating a noun.

I'd like a small yellow T-shirt. Have you got one?
Which shoes do you prefer? The red ones.
Have you got these trainers in blue? Sorry, we've only got these ones.

## would like

- Use Would you like to...? to invite people to do things.

Would you like to try it/them on?

- Use l'd like to + verb to say what you want to do politely. I'd like to try them on, please.
nick Hello. I'd like to ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ on these boots. SHOP ASSISTANT Of course. What size are you?
nick Size 43.
SHOP ASSISTANT One moment, please...
Here you are.
nick Thanks.
shop assistant How do they feel?
nick They're a bit ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ . Have you got a bigger pair?
shop assistant No, I'm ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ we haven't. nick OK. Thanks.


## 8 PAIRWORK Practise the dialogues.

## 9a Proleplay Work in pairs.

- Act out dialogues in shops.
- Use expressions from the dialogues and the File.

9b Write out your dialogues.

## Real skills

## Fashion

## Vocabulary: accessories

1a ()) 23 Look at the photos and study the words. Answer the questions. Then listen and check.

What can you...

| $\square$ wear on your fingers? | $\square$ wear over your eyes? |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ wear round your neck? | $\square$ wear round your waist? |
| $\square$ wear in your nose or ears? | $\square$ carry? |
| $\square$ wear on your wrist? |  |
|  |  |
| PAIRWORK Which of the things are you wearing or have |  |
| you got with you today? |  |

2 Look at Nicole on page 35. What is she wearing?


## Style feature

## Rate look

Nicole Brand is nineteen and comes from Scotland. She is a Media student at the University of Glasgow.

## What are you wearing at the moment?

I'm wearing sneakers, a pink skirt, a black T-shirt and this designer jacket. It isn't new. It's second-hand. It's got studs on it. They're cool. Oh, and my black hat, of course. Do you like it?

## What do you never wear?

Jeans! I look terrible in them. And I really hate suits. They're so old-fashioned. And I hate really high heels.

## What are your favourite shops?

I love charity shops. I buy all my clothes from them. I like retro clothes - you know, from the 80 s and 90 s . I also love designer shops but the clothes are too expensive.

How often do you go shopping for clothes?
Maybe once or twice a month. But I go window shopping a lot, and I make my own clothes!

Which accessories do you always wear?
I don't usually wear necklaces or chains. But I wear rings and earrings. I like really small ones. And big sunglasses. I've got lots of pairs. Oh, and I love scarves.
What's your favourite item of clothing or accessory?

A black and pink belt. It's retro and I love it.
Are you a fashion junkie?
No, I'm not, but my look is very important to me.

## VOTE

NOT COOL 12345678910 COOL 0000000000

## Reading

## SKILLS FOR LIFE Scanning

When you read an article or surf the internet, you often don't read all the words. You look for essential information, i.e. 'scan' the text. Scan the text and find all the words for clothes and accessories in 20 seconds!

3a Read the interview and answer the questions.
1 How old is Nicole?
2 What clothes does she hate?
3 Where does she buy her clothes?
4 Why doesn't she buy designer clothes?
5 Does she wear a lot of accessories?
6 Don't forget to rate Nicole's style!
3b Read the interview and find the words to match the meanings:
1 not new when you buy it
2 not fashionable
3 looking at things in shops but not buying them
4 a person who is obsessed with fashion

## Listening and speaking

(1)) 24 Listen to Martin. Which clothes and accessories does he wear/not wear? Put a tick $\checkmark$ or a cross $x$ beside the items.designer T-shirts
$\square$ jeans
$\square$ trainers
$\square$ jacket
$\square$ sunglasses
$\square$ belt

Pronunciation $/ \mathrm{m} / / \mathrm{n} / / \mathrm{n} /$
5a (1) 25 Listen and repeat the words.
/m/ money |museum | message | jumper
/n/ nose | new | fashion | designer
/n/ wearing |clothing | ring | shopping
5b Underline the sounds. Say the words again.

6 PAIRWORK Interview your partner. Use the questions from the article.

## Writing

7 Describe what someone in the class is wearing. Swap texts with a partner. Guess who the person is.
A $X$ is wearing... X isn't wearing...

## Unit objectives

Grammar there is / are; countable and uncountable nouns; $a / a n$, some / any; How much? / How many?
Functions describing places; talking about quantity; planning a day out; making arrangements
Vocabulary places; lend and borrow

## Warm up

1 Do you agree or disagree with these statements? Why?

- My city / town / area is a good place for teenagers.
- There are a lot of activities for teenagers in my area.
- There are places where young people can go.


## Comprehension

2 (1) 26 Listen and read the interviews on page 37. Match the places with the descriptions.

| 1 | d | OX4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $\square$ the university parks |  |
| 3 | $\square$ | the university sports centre |
| 4 | $\square$ | cafés in Oxford |
| 5 | $\square$ the multiplex cinema |  |
| 6 | $\square$ | Oxford clubs and dance venues |
| 7 | $\square$ the town of Reading |  |

a They are big green spaces in Oxford.
b It's outside the city.
c It's a cool place to shop.
d You can hear new bands there.
e They're too expensive for teenagers.
f Hannah plays volleyball there.
g People under 18 can't go to them.

3 Read the interviews again and answer the questions.
Who...
1 goes to fast food restaurants?
2 goes to Reading for shopping?
3 goes to a nightclub once a month?
4 plays football?
5 plays volleyball?
6 likes the music scene?

## Describing places

## 4 Study the rules and do the tasks.

## Countable and uncountable nouns

- Countable nouns can be singular or plural.
a park - two parks a band - two bands
- Uncountable nouns only have a singular form. water music NOT waters musics
- Use singular verbs with singular countable nouns and uncountable nouns.
There's a night club.
The music is great.
- Use plural verbs with plural countable nouns.

There are cafés and restaurants.
Find two more uncountable nouns in the interviews.
a / an, some / any

- Use a or an with singular countable nouns. a multiplex, an ice rink
- Positive sentences: use some with both plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.
It's got some really good bands.
l've got some information.
- Negatives and questions: use any with both plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.
Are there any good shops?
There isn't any information.
Underline sentences in the interviews with some or any.


## Vocabulary: places 1

5 PAIRWORK Ask and answer five questions about these places in your city / town / area.
multiplex cinema | sports centre | stadium | parks | cafés | clubs | chain stores | music venues | ice rink
A Is there a multiplex cinema in your town?
B Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
6 PTWrite a paragraph about what there is to do in your town. Give it a score at the end of your paragraph.
My town
I live in ... There are lots of parks in my town. There is a sports centre near my house.


## Is there a good cinema near you?

Yes, there is. It's a big multiplex. It's near the stadium, outside the city. You can see all the new films there.

## Are there any places to hang out?

No, there aren't. There aren't many things for 14-16 year-olds to do. We hang out in the city centre when it isn't raining! Or we go to fast food restaurants. There are some good cafés, but they're expensive... and we haven't got any money.

## Are there any green spaces?

Yes, there are. There are brilliant university parks. They are really big. We often hang out in the parks during the summer. We play football and have a laugh.

## Are there any good shops in Oxford?

There are some big chain stores in Oxford. So you can buy fashionable clothes. But it's a bit boring sometimes. There aren't any small shops for teens. So we go to Reading - the shopping is really cool.

## Are there any places to do sport?

Yes, there are. There are two new sports centres near me, but I prefer the university sports centre. It's cheap. I play volleyball there once a week.

## Brandon

## Rate my city

fun © © () (e)
Jasmine
Rate my city
no fun $)^{\circ}$

## Is there any good music?

It's not bad. There's a new venue called OX4. There are some new bands on tonight - I've got some information about them. They sound great.

## Are there any good dance venues?

No, there aren't. It's a real problem. There aren't any clubs or dance venues for teenagers. They're all for over-18-year-olds. There's a nightclub that does an under-18s evening once a month and we all go to it!

## Joe <br> Rate my city <br> musical © $\odot()$

Hannah
Rate my city
sporty © © © © ©

## Liz

Rate my city
a bit boring $\dot{2} \cdot(\cdot$

Silas
Rate my city
cool © © () () $)$

Zac
Rate my city
no good $)^{\circ}$


## Get the grammar

## there is / there are

1 Complete the table with are, aren't, is or isn't.

| Positive | Negative |
| :--- | :--- |
| There's a cinema. | There ${ }^{1} \_$a cinema. |
| There are some cinemas. | There aren't any cinemas. |
| Questions | Short answers |
| Is there a cinema? | Yes, there ${ }^{2}$ <br> No, there isn't.. |
| 3 <br> cinemas? there are. |  |

2 Complete the sentences with There is/isn't/are/aren't to make true sentences about you.
$\qquad$ a computer in my bedroom. two Spanish people in my class. an ice rink in my town. four people in my family. a pencil case in my bag. a poster on my wall.

## Complete the questions with Is or Are and write true short answers.

$\qquad$ there a multiplex cinema in your town? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
$\qquad$ there boys and girls in your English class?
$\qquad$ there a webcam in the room? there clothes in your bedroom cupboard? ___ there a sports centre near your house?
$\qquad$ there a TV in your bedroom?

## Countable and uncountable nouns

4 Complete the table with these nouns and study the rules.
information | student | homework | venue | mistake computer $\mid$ help $\mid$ pocket money $\mid$ cat $\mid$ friend $\mid$ box $\mid$ car $\mid$ shirt | food | fun | alcohol | love | school | music | poster bread | water | bottle | oil | email | work | time | knowledge | text message | laptop

| Countable | Uncountable |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

- Some nouns may be countable in your language and uncountable in English, e.g. hair, information, money.
- Some nouns can be countable and uncountable, e.g. cake, coffee, cheese.
- When making generalisations, use the plural of the countable noun, e.g. I like cats. NOT Hike the cats.
- work is an uncountable noun, job is countable.


## a / an, some and any

5 Study the rules and circle the correct words.
a/an

- Use a/an before singular, countable nouns in positive and negative sentences
There's an orange in the fridge. I haven't got a book.


## some

- Use some before singular, uncountable nouns and plural countable nouns.
There's some water in the cup.
There are some new students this year.


## any

- Use any before singular, uncountable nouns and plural countable nouns in negative sentences and questions. There isn't any information. Are there any questions?

1 There's (a)some message on my mobile.
2 There are some / any parks in the town.
3 I've got $a$ / some pen in my bag.
4 There isn't some / any sugar in this coffee.
5 Has Tom got an / some idea about the project?
6 She hasn't got a a any job at the moment.
7 This website has got some / any photos of the band.
8 Have you got an / any oil for this salad?
6 Complete the text with these words.
there | isn't | some | a any | are | is aren't
My name's Tania and I'm seventeen. I live in a small village outside Zurich. 'There isn't a cinema here and there ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ any music venues. There's a primary school in the village but there ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ a secondary school. I go to school in the city. There ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ a sports centre in the village, and it's got ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ football pitches. We play football there. There's ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ good bus service into Zurich. There ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ some activities for young people in the village. The big problem is that there aren't ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ shops at all!

## How much? / How many?

7 Complete the questions with How much or How many. Then write true answers.

2
3
4

1 How much traffic is there in your city centre?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ friends have you got?
$\qquad$ money do you spend per week?
$\qquad$ people are in your family? films do you see a month? chocolate do you eat a week? downloads / magazines / ice creams do you buy a month?

## Real communication

## Planning a day out



## Places to go

## 1 Read the brochure and answer the questions.

1 Which place is a modern art gallery?
2 Where can you see models of famous people?
3 Which place is fun for shopping and eating out?

4 Where can you admire the views of London?
5 How many visitors go to Madame Tussaud's each year?
6 Where can you buy old clothes?
(0) 2a 4 (l) 27 Listen and complete the brochure with the opening times and admission prices.

2b Decide on the best place for each person.
1 Andy hasn't got much money. 2 Jordan likes modern art. 3 Lawrence wants to eat Thai food.



## 3 (I)) 28 P Cover the dialogue and listen.

 Circle T (True) or F (False).1 They agree to go to Madame Tussaud's. T / F
2 Lawrence wants to go to Portobello Road. T / F
3 Andy's got lots of money. T / F
4 Jordan wants to help Andy. T / F
5 Andy accepts money from Jordan. T / F
6 Jordan suggests going to Tate Modern. T / F
7 Lawrence decides not to go. T / F
4 P ROLEPLAY Work in groups of three.

- Imagine you are going to the nearest town for the day with your friends.
- Invent new dialogues.
- Use expressions from the File and the File from Unit 1, p12.


## WORD EXPANDER lend and borrow

lend you give a thing to a person and expect to get it back later. I can lend you some money.
borrow you take a thing from a person and give it back later. Can I borrow your dictionary?

## 5 Read Get into Culture and do the task.

## GET INTO <br> QUMHUR Hanging out with friends

Young people in English-speaking countries spend a lot of their time together at school or college, playing sports or doing activities like drama or music. In big cities they get together in their free time at shopping malls or go out for coffee or fast food. They go to friends' houses to hang out as well. They watch shows and play computer games - it's free and fun. At home, young people hang out together a lot, too. They chat online by texting and messaging their friends on social media. They say it is the best way to keep in touch.

## Discuss the questions.

- Where do young people get together in your country?
- What do they spend time doing?


## Real skills

## TraveL and tourism

## CITY GUIDE

## IONDON MUST-SEE PLACES!

## YOUVE GOT TWO DAYS IN LONDON - WHERE DO YOU GO?

Over seven million people live in London, and around 31.5 million people visit it a year.

From the London Eye, in the heart of London, you can see a lot! A trip on the wheel takes 30 minutes. On a clear day, you can see up to 40 kilometres.

See the Crown Jewels in the 900 -year-old Tower of London and the famous Beefeaters, too. Buckingham Palace is the official residence of the Queen. You can't visit the 600 rooms, but you can see the Changing of the Guard. The Houses of Parliament opposite Parliament Square are the home of the British Government.

The Globe Theatre is a modern reconstruction of Shakespeare's original theatre. The actors perform the plays in the open air!

The River Thames runs through the city. Tower Bridge has two levels, one for traffic and one for pedestrians. The Millennium Bridge is London's newest bridge and is only for people.

The British Museum contains a world famous collection of 7.5 million objects. You can only see a small part in one day. St Paul's Cathedral is a huge church that dominates London's skyline. Its 350 steps take you to the top of a dome with wonderful views.

London is the capital of shopping! Harrods is a world famous department store with 330 different departments. Don't forget Oxford Street for shopping. It's over two kilometres long and has 300 shops. Or visit Camden Market for its cool fashion and second-hand clothes.

Where can you relax in beautiful green spaces? In London's parks, of course. In Hyde Park you can go horse riding or rowing. In Regents Park you can visit London Zoo.

You can eat food from all over the world. But at Planet Hollywood you can have a great meal and watch famous film clips on a big screen at the same time.

And at the end of the day, why not go to one of London's many theatres? Most are located in the West End. The Phantom of the Opera, with its costumes and special effects, is really spectacular!

## Vocabulary: places 2

1 Scan the article and find these words. Guess their meaning from the context.
palace | park | market | bridge | river | theatre | city | museum | cathedral | church | department store | zoo

## Reading clil

## SKILLS FOR LIFE skimming

When you read, if you just want to get a general idea, you can use a technique called skimming. You quickly look through the text without trying to understand all the details. You often do this before you read a magazine, a newspaper or a website.

2 Skim the article and match the headings with the paragraphs.


3 Read the article and answer the questions.
How many...
1 people visit London each year?
2 rooms are there in Buckingham Palace?
3 departments are there in Harrods?
4 steps take you to the top of St Paul's?
5 objects are there in the British Museum?

## Listening

4 ()) 29 A tourist guide is taking tourists to places in the article. Where do they visit?

## Pronunciation place names

(1)) 30 Some place names in London are difficult to pronounce. Listen and repeat.
Leicester Square | Piccadilly Circus | Wimbledon | Trafalgar Square | Wembley | Greenwich | Buckingham Palace | Notting Hill

## Speaking

6 PAIRWORK Talk about a famous city - but don't name it! Your partner says what it is.

A It's a small city. There are lots of old buildings and churches.
There's a very famous square. And there are lots of bridges!
B It's Venice.

## Writing

7 T Write a brochure about three important sights in a famous city. Use the article as a guide.

## FUNCTION

$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Talking about quantity } \\ 2 & \text { Talking about temporary situations } \\ 3 & \text { Talking about present activities }\end{array}$
4 Describing places
5 Asking about quantity
6 Talking about frequency
7 Talking about position

## EXAMPLE

There are four cafés at uni. I've got some olive oil.
Mia's eating ice-cream. I do sport twice a week. How many pets have they got? He's doing art this term. Chloe is on the bus.

## GRAMMAR

## Present continuous

There is / there are
How much / many
(Un)countable nouns a / an / some / any Present continuous per hour / a week / once, etc. prepositions

## 1 Match the function with the example and the grammar.

Grammar review


MEXICO CITY is a busy city with a big population. ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ a lot of traffic. Are there ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ places to breathe fresh air? Yes! On Sunday they close a long, wide road, the Paseo del la Reforma, to cars and lorries. Then inhabitants can enjoy their city without ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ traffic once a week. On that day they can walk, run, cycle, roller-skate, walk the dog, dance or just sit and relax right in the middle of our city.
The road goes through a large park called Chapultepec Park. There are lots of trees and flowers, birds and animals, a big lake and shady avenues. ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ an anthropology Museum, a castle on a hill and a zoo. You can visit the art gallery for free. You can go for a boat ride, listen to concerts or buy ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ food and souvenirs at the many market stalls. What ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ you doing in the park, today? Share with us!

Hi We ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ running along the avenue now. We meet up once a week, put on our running shoes and keep fit. I love it.

DANIEL
I'm visiting the modern art gallery. But I'm ${ }^{8}$ looking at pictures, I'm walking around the sculpture park. They ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ keeping the park tidy even on Sunday.
Thanks, gardeners! PATRICIA

My mate Rafael and I ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ skateboarding today.
Sunday on the Paseo is fantastic. ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ any cars and there isn't ${ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ noise. We go about twice a month. том

We're on vacation here. At the moment, I'm having a milk shake. My girlfriend ${ }^{13}$ $\qquad$ choosing a hat from a market stall. How ${ }^{14}$ $\qquad$ hats is she trying? A lot!

My mum and dad and $I^{15}$ $\qquad$ renting some bikes. It's so nice because ${ }^{16}$ $\qquad$ any danger from cars.

And there are lots of things to see.
GLORIA

We're four friends from the same class and we're having lots of fun. Can you guess what we are doing? We are moving, but we ${ }^{17}$ $\qquad$ running or cycling. We are on water.

Yes, we're boating on the lake!
SILVIA
My family are having a picnic. It's so relaxing. There are ${ }^{18}$ $\qquad$ people playing football and we're listening
to music. A live band ${ }^{19}$ $\qquad$ playing under the trees. But we don't have ${ }^{20}$ $\qquad$ extra sandwiches for the squirrels and birds. Sorry, guys!

ROBERTO


2 Read the website and put these words and phrases in the correct space/s. are | is | aren't | there's | there isn't | there aren't | not | some | any | many | much

3 Find and underline examples of the grammar.

## Present continuous | some/any focus

4a Read the poem.
In my dream city...
There aren't any advertisements
But there are lots of street performances
There isn't any crime
But there is a park with flowers and butterflies
There are some free bicycles
And lots of ice-cream shops
I'm not studying
And I am singing my special song

4b Complete the lines of the poem for you.

## In my dream city

There aren't any...
But there are...
There isn't any...
But there is...
There are some...
And lots of...
I'm not...ing...
And I'm...ing..

4c Read your poems to the class.

## Talking about people and places

5a Look at the picture. Then write ten questions about it. Make a note of the answers.
How many women are there? What is the old man doing?


5b PAIRWORK Close your books. Ask and answer your questions. Who has a good memory?

## Language check <br> $3 \&$

Language I can now talk about present and temporary situations / amounts / describe places

1 Write complete sentences.
1 you/study / English/now?

2 I / do / a part-time job / this year

3 He / not play / football a lot / these days

4 they / still / live / in Beijing ?

5 She / use / the computer / at the moment

## 2 Choose the correct words.

1 I $\qquad$ the river from my house.
a) see
b) am seeing
c) can see
d) is seeing

2 'Are they waiting for their exam results?' 'Yes, $\qquad$ .'
a) they are
b) they wait
c) they do
d) they waiting

3 He $\qquad$ his new boots today.
a) wear
b) is wearing
c) are wearing
d) wears

4 Is there $\qquad$ good music venue in this town?
a) any
b) a
c) an
d) some

5 How $\qquad$ people are there in the classroom?
a) any
b) much
c) some
d) many

## Vocabulary I can now talk about clothes / money / accessories / places

3 Complete the words for clothes.
1 Angelina is wearing a beautiful blue $\mathrm{d}_{\ldots}$ _ s .
2 I usually wear at _____ $t$ and trainers for football practice.
3 Mr Green wears a j ___ t and trousers to school.
4 On Saturdays Alexandra wears a T-shirt and j _ _ s.
5 My dad wears a s __t to work.

## 4 Find the words for places in London.

1 BUCKINGHAM ACELAP $\qquad$
$\qquad$
THE BRITISH S MMEUU
$\qquad$
3 THE GLOBE HRATEET
4 TOWER GBERID $\qquad$
5 HARRODS PRAMTENEDT ROTSE

## Communication I can now buy clothes / make arrangements

## 5 Complete the dialogue with these words.

rather | could | like | would | don't
MICHAEL ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ you like to go to London tomorrow, Amy?
amy Good idea! Why ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ we go to
Madame Tussaud's?
michael It's very expensive. I'd ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ go to Tate Modern. That's free.
amy OK. We ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ have lunch in the café.
It's got a fantastic view.
michael Yeah, and I'd ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ to see the
Picasso exhibition.

6 PAIRWORK Ask and answer questions.
1 you/wear/now ?
What are you wearing now?
2 you / wear / a lot of accessories ?

3 you / send / a lot of text messages?

4 how much time / you / spend / watching TV ?

5 there / be / interesting places / in your town?

6 which / shops / you / like?
$\qquad$ TOTAL:


[^0]:    $4 \quad 20$ Listen and write the prices you hear.

